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Goshen Wind, Inc.

# Revision to the Project Description Report – Goshen Wind Energy Centre

Prepared by:

**AECOM** 

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## **Table of Contents**

			page
1.	Intro	oduction	1
	1.1	The Proponent Project Study Area	1
	1.2		
2.	Prop	oosed Project Modifications	2
3.	Edits	s to the Project Description Report	12
4.	Sum	mary and Conclusions	19
List of	Figu	ures	
Figure 2	:-1 N	Nodified Project Location	11
List of	Tab	oles	
		Summary of Project Modifications	
Table 3-	1 E	Edits to the Project Description Report	13

## **List of Appendices**

Appendix A. Project Modifications

Appendix B. Water Body Mitigation Measures

### **Glossary of Terms**

	Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources
mVA	.mega Volt-Ampere
NextEra	.NextEra Energy Canada, ULC
NHA	.Natural Heritage Assessment
O.Reg. 359/09	Ontario Regulation 359/09
The Project	.Goshen Wind Energy Centre
REA	.Renewable Energy Approval

### 1. Introduction

Goshen Wind, Inc. (Goshen) is proposing to construct a wind energy centre in the Municipality of Bluewater and the Municipality of South Huron in Huron County, Ontario. The following sections of this Renewable Energy Approval (REA) Revision Report describe the proposed modifications to this Project and resulting updates to the Project Description Report.

### 1.1 The Proponent

The Project will be owned and operated by Goshen, a wholly owned subsidiary of NextEra Energy Canada, ULC (NextEra). NextEra's indirect parent company is NextEra Energy Resources, LLC. The proponent has not changed from the initial REA submission.

The primary contacts for the Project are as follows:

Project Proponent	Project Consultant
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### 1.2 Project Study Area

The proposed Project is located in the Municipality of Bluewater and the Municipality of South Huron in Huron County, Ontario (refer to **Figure 2-1**). The Project Study Area has not changed from the initial REA submission.

The following co-ordinates define the external boundaries of the Project Study Area:

Longitude	Latitude
-81.6753290	43.4155312
-81.3011931	43.3810955
-81.3303330	43.3036317
-81.7743607	43.2379854

## 2. Proposed Project Modifications

Goshen is proposing modifications to the Project. These proposed Project modifications are categorized as follows:

- Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to archaeological resources or Conservation Authority regulation limits;
- Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability;
   and.
- Turbine and associated infrastructure removed.

**Table 2-1** summarizes and documents the following about each of the proposed modifications:

- 1. A description of the modification and a rationale for why the modification is proposed; and
- 2. New potential environmental effects and corresponding mitigation measures.

**Figure 2-1** illustrates the modified Project Location. **Appendix A** contains a series of figures showing the details for each of the modifications.

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
A1	Removal of Turbine 7 and associated	Turbine and associated infrastructure	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	access road and collection line	removed	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
			OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
A2	Removal of a portion of Turbine 11	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
	construction disturbance area.	to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – removal of infrastructure	N/A
		Conservation Authority regulation limit		OPERATIONS N/A
A 2	Relocation of collection line to Turbine	Construction disturbance area modified	None – removal of infrastructure	CONSTRUCTION
A3		to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	west of Bronson Line	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
	West of Bronson Eine	archaeological resources	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
B1	Relocation of collection line from	Construction disturbance area modified	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
5.	private property to Babylon Line and	to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	Huron Street right-of-way	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
	3	3	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
B2	Temporary construction laydown area	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	modified and increased in size	disturbance area added or changed to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
		optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
В3	Relocation of Turbine 71 15 m north	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	within the existing turbine construction	disturbance area added or changed to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	disturbance area	optimize project design/ constructability	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C1	Relocation of access road to Turbine	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	66 to the west		None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
		optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C2	Removal of a portion of construction	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
		to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – removal of infrastructure	N/A
	for the access road and collection line to Turbine 21	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
		laforational management is a	None – removal of infrastructure	N/A
C3		Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION N/A
	disturbance area in the Black Bush Line right-of-way, east of Turbine 86	optimize project design/ constructability	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	OPERATIONS
	light-or-way, east or rurbine oo	optimize project design/ constructability	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C4	Relocation of collection line from	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
C4	private property to Black Bush Line	to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	right-of-way in two locations, northeast		OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
	of Turbine 64	1	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C5	Relocation of collection line from	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	of-way, south of Turbine 39	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C6	Relocation of collection line from	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
	private property to Bronson Line right-	to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	of-way, southwest of Turbine 81	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C7	Relocation of collection line from	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
	private property to South Road right-of-	to reduce or eliminate impacts to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	way, southeast of Turbine 38	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
C8	Relocation of collection line from	Construction disturbance area modified		CONSTRUCTION
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	way, southwest of Turbine 41	archaeological resources	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
			None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
<b>C</b> 9	Realignment of collection line from Black Bush Line right-of-way onto private property west of Black Bush Line	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability	CONSTRUCTION  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  OPERATIONS  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS N/A
C10	Removal of a portion of collection line disturbance area on private property, along Black Bush Line	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability	CONSTRUCTION  None – removal of infrastructure  OPERATIONS  None – removal of infrastructure	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS N/A
D1	Relocation of Turbine 83 and associated construction disturbance area 1,140 m to the east	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability	CONSTRUCTION Natural Heritage:	CONSTRUCTION   Natural Heritage:
				Significant Wildlife Habitat Features in Section 5.8.3 (Table 5.5) of the NHA.

### Table 2-1 Summary of Project Modifications

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
			<ul> <li>Water Bodies:</li> <li>Effects associated with new turbine location and associated construction disturbance area within 120 m of water body D05 include:         <ul> <li>Increase to surface water temperature from reduced groundwater contribution if dewatering activities are required for excavation of turbine foundations</li> <li>Increase to stream flows in watercourses that receive temporary groundwater dewatering discharge (if required). Groundwater discharge has potential to cause streambed and/or bank erosion and downstream sedimentation if not managed properly.</li> <li>Increased erosion, sedimentation and turbidity in watercourse from clearing and grubbing for on adjacent lands for construction of turbines, pads and turnaround areas.</li> <li>Soil compaction, which may result in hardening of surfaces and increased runoff into watercourses.</li> <li>Release / discharge of runoff from the construction area, which has the potential to transport sediment and nutrients into the watercourse.</li> <li>Soil/water contamination by oils, grease and other materials from accidental spills and release of contaminants from construction equipment.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Water Bodies:  • Mitigation measures associated with turbine construction within 120 m of a water body include (refer to Appendix B for detailed mitigation measures under the following headings)¹:  - Water management  - Timing windows  - Water quality  - Erosion and sediment control  - Grading and excavation  - Equipment use  - Material Stockpiling and handling
			' '	<ul> <li>Conduct 3 years post-construction amphibian call surveys (frogs and toads) and egg mass or adult surveys (salamanders) to assess any potential changes in amphibian breeding populations or species distribution a feature AWO-36 by a qualified Biologist, including:</li> <li>Call surveys three times between April 1 and June 30, as per the Marsh Monitoring Protocol. Conduct surveys between one half-hour after sunset and 2:00 am and, to the extent possible, on nights that are clear, cloudy, damp, foggy, or have light rain and minimum night air temperatures of 5°C, 10°C and 14°C for each of the three respective survey periods. Complete a 3-minute listening survey at each station.</li> <li>Report the findings of post-construction monitoring to MNR on an annual basis for the first 3 years of operation.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> </ul>
			Water Bodies:  • Effects associated with new turbine location within 120 m of water body D05 include:  - Increase in impervious surfaces from presence of turbine foundation and access roads, resulting in increased water temperatures, increased surface runoff and stream peak flows, and reduced infiltration,	<ul> <li>If significant declines or disappearance of species is detected, determine whether likely to have been caused by the Project. If so, corrective measures will be taken, to be determined through consultation with MNR.</li> <li>Water Bodies:</li> <li>Mitigation measures associated with new turbine location within 120 m of a water body include:         <ul> <li>N/A</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
			base flows and upwelling.	
D2	Removal of the southwest portion of Turbine 17 construction disturbance area	Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to archaeological resources	None – removal of infrastructure  OPERATIONS	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS
D3	Relocation of collection line from private property to Grand Bend Line right-of-way, south and west of Turbine 53			CONSTRUCTION  Natural Heritage: For construction of the collection line within 13 m of Significant Woodland Feature WOD-022: Maintain 5 m setback from significant woodland, measured from the dripline of trees. Where construction occurs within 30 m, install and maintain protective fencing to clearly define the construction area and prevent accidental damage to vegetation.  Undertake weekly site inspections by an Environmental Monitor to ensure that protective fencing is intact and that there is no damage caused during construction.  Contingency Measures: Repair protective fencing if damaged. Any damaged trees will be pruned through implementation of proper arboricultural techniques, under supervision of an Arborist or Forester.  In the event that other woodland vegetation is damaged, habitat restoration will occur utilizing native species suited to the habitat within the disturbed area.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Appendix B for a detailed list of mitigation measures related to water bodies that were included in the Water Assessment and Water Body Report (AECOM, 2012)

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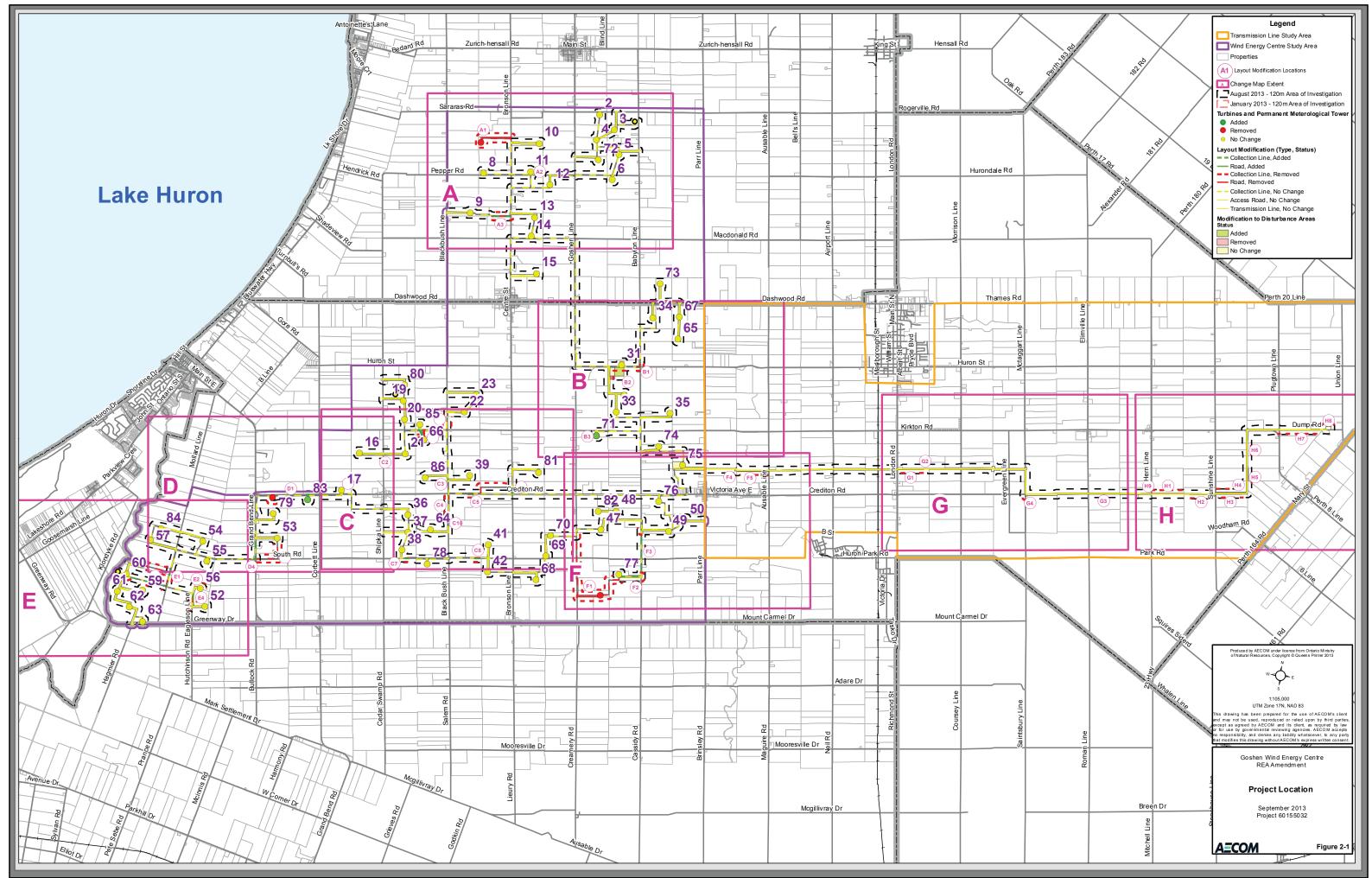
Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
			OPERATIONS     Natural Heritage:         Collection line is within 13 m of Significant Woodland Feature WOD-022, not previously described in the NHA. There are no potential effects on this feature associated with operation of the collection line.         Collection line is within 120 m of new Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Feature (Plant Species of Conservation Concern Habitat, Common Nighthawk Habitat, Red-headed Woodpecker Habitat, and Woodland Raptor Nesting Habitat) in Natural Area 204, not previously described in the NHA. There are no potential effects on this feature associated with operation of the collection line.	<ul> <li>Ensure Best Management Practices are used to maintain current drainage patterns, including:</li> <li>Implement infiltration techniques to the maximum extent possible.</li> <li>Minimize paved surfaces &amp; design roads to promote infiltration.</li> <li>Limit changes in land contours.</li> <li>Site inspection by Environmental Monitor following grading activities within 30 m of significant woodland.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> <li>If surface water drainage alterations are detected, undertake corrective measures to restore drainage patterns.</li> <li>Install sediment and erosion control fencing along edge of construction area if within 30 m of a woodland, as per Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSD 219.130).</li> <li>Monitor on-site conditions (i.e., erosion and sediment control, flooding, etc.) by an Environmental Monitor where construction occurs within 30 m of a feature on the following basis:</li> <li>Weekly during active construction periods;</li> <li>Prior to, during and post forecasted large rainfall events (&gt;20 millimetres in 24 hours) or significant snowmelt events (i.e., spring freshet);</li> <li>Daily during extended rain or snowmelt periods;</li> <li>Monthly during inactive construction periods, where the site is left alone for 30 days or longer.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> <li>Suspend work if excessive flows of sediment discharges occur until additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra erosion and sediment control materials kept on site, such as heavy duty silt fencing, straw bales, etc.).</li> <li>For construction of the collection line within 120 m of Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Feature in Natural Area 204, mitigation measures are the same as described for other Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Features in Section 5.8.3 (Table 5.5) of the NHA.</li> <li>OPERATIONS</li> </ul>
D4	Relocation of collection line from private property to South Road right-of-way, east of Turbine 55	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability	CONSTRUCTION  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  OPERATIONS	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS
E1	Relocation of collection line from private property to Mollard Line right-of-way, west of Turbine 56	Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to archaeological resources	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  CONSTRUCTION  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  OPERATIONS  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A  CONSTRUCTION N/A  OPERATIONS N/A
E2	Removal of a portion of Turbine 56 construction disturbance area	Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to Conservation Authority regulation limit		CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS N/A
E3	heading west to Turbine 60 from Mollard Line, and removal of collection line heading west to Turbine 58 from Mollard Line	Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to archaeological resources	i i	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS N/A
E4	Addition of construction disturbance area for access road and collection line to Turbine 56 from Eagleson Line	I	CONSTRUCTION  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  OPERATIONS  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS N/A

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
F1	Removal of Turbine 46 and associated access road and collection line, including collection line in the Gordon Line right-of-way and collection line on private property to Turbine 77	Turbine and associated infrastructure removed	CONSTRUCTION  Natural Heritage:  Waterfowl (Tundra Swan) Stopover and Staging Area (Terrestrial) Feature WSST-36 was changed to Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat because it is more than 120 m away from a proposed turbine and is not overlapped by the Project Location. Potential effects of construction on this feature are the same as described for other Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Features in Section 5.8.3 (Table 5.5) of the NHA	CONSTRUCTION  Natural Heritage:  For construction of the collection line within 120 m of the Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat (Waterfowl (Tundra Swan) Stopover and Staging Area (Terrestrial)) Feature, mitigation measures are the same as described for other Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Features in Section 5.8.3 (Table 5.5) of the NHA.
			Natural Heritage:     Waterfowl (Tundra Swan) Stopover and Staging Area (Terrestrial) Feature WSST-36 was changed to Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat because it is more than 120 m away from a proposed turbine and is not overlapped by the Project Location. There are no potential effects on this feature associated with operation of the collection line.	OPERATIONS N/A
F2	Removal of a portion of construction disturbance area for access road and collection line to Turbine 77	Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to archaeological resources	None – removal of infrastructure  OPERATIONS	CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS
F3			None – removal of infrastructure  CONSTRUCTION  Water Bodies:  New effects associated with collection line crossing water body D15 include:  Soil / water contamination by oils, gasoline, grease and other materials from accidental spills and release of contaminants from equipment.  Release / discharge of runoff from the construction area, which has the potential to transport sediment and nutrients into the watercourse	N/A  CONSTRUCTION  Water Bodies:  Mitigation measures associated with collection line construction within 120 m of a water body include (refer to Appendix B for detailed mitigation measures under the following headings):  Directional Drilling  Water Quality  Equipment use  Erosion and sediment control
F4	Addition of transmission line construction disturbance area on private property, west of Parr Line	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS N/A CONSTRUCTION N/A OPERATIONS
F5	Removal of a portion of transmission line construction disturbance area on private property west of Ausable Line and relocation of transmission line from an underground to overhead crossing of the Ausable River.		None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  CONSTRUCTION  Natural Heritage:  Reptile Hibernacula Feature RH-06 was changed to Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat in Natural Area 609 because it is not overlapped by the Project Location. Potential effects of construction on this feature are the same as described for other Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Features in Section 5.8.3 (Table 5.5) of the NHA.  The transmission line is spanning the Significant Wetland Feature WET-012. Potential effects of construction of an above ground transmission line include:  Accidental intrusion into Significant Wetland resulting in damage to vegetation and disturbance to wildlife.  Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, excavation, backfilling and stockpilling during construction of the transmission line in Significant Wetland.  Risk of soil or water contamination in Significant Wetland resulting from accidental spills of fuel, etc.  Risk of spread of invasive species into Significant Wetland as a result of construction disturbance.	CONSTRUCTION  Natural Heritage:  For construction of the transmission line within 120 m of the Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Feature in Natural Area 609, mitigation measures are the same as described for other Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat Features in Section 5.8.3 (Table 5.5) of the NHA.  For construction of the transmission line above ground spanning the Significant Wetland Feature WET-012:  For construction activities outside Significant Wetland WET-012:  Install transmission line poles outside the boundaries of the Significant Wetland. Apply a minimum setback of 5 m during installation of transmission line poles.  Where construction occurs within 30 m, install and maintain protective fencing to clearly define the construction area and prevent accidental damage to vegetation.  Install sediment and erosion control fencing along edge of construction area as per Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSD 219.130).  For construction activities inside Significant Wetland WET-012:  Pull the transmission line across the Significant Wetland either by helicopter or by hand with the use of a winch. If required, branches may be selectively removed under the supervision of an arborist or forester by hand-held equipment (e.g., chainsaws) and accessed by foot to prevent soil compaction. Cut branches will be left in place in the wetland but will be cut up to lie low on the ground. No heavy equipment will be used within the Significant Wetland. Construction activities within the Significant Wetland should take place in the winter (November 1 to March 15), if possible, or outside the breeding bird season (May 1 to July 31). If this is not possible, MNR will be consulted regarding additional mitigation measures that may be required.  Undertake weekly site inspections by an Environmental Monitor to ensure that protective fencing is intact and that there is no damage caused during construction.  Conduct a post-construction survey to confirm that the disturbance to Significant Wetl

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
			OPERATIONS Natural Heritage:  Reptile Hibernacula Feature RH-06 was changed to Generalized Candidate Significant Wildlife Habitat in Natural Area 609 because it is not overlapped by the Project Location. There are no potential effects on this feature associated with operation of the transmission line.  The transmission line is spanning the Significant Wetland Feature WET-012. Potential effects from operation of the above ground transmission line include:  Risk of soil or water contamination from oil, gas, etc. during maintenance of the transmission line in	<ul> <li>If excessively disturbed areas are detected through the post-construction survey, restoration planting may be implemented as a contingency measure. These plantings should consist of suitable native wetland species such as nannyberry, silky dogwood, buttonbush, spicebush, or slender willow.</li> <li>Monitor on-site conditions (i.e., erosion and sediment control, flooding, etc.) by an Environmental Monitor where construction occurs within 30 m of the Significant Wetland on the following basis:</li> <li>Daily during active construction periods;</li> <li>Prior to, during and post forecasted large rainfall events (&gt;20 millimetres in 24 hours) or significant snowmelt events (i.e., spring freshet);</li> <li>Daily during extended rain or snowmelt periods;</li> <li>Monthly during inactive construction periods, where the site is left alone for 30 days or longer.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> <li>Suspend work if excessive flows of sediment discharges occur until additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra erosion and sediment control materials kept on site, such as heavy duty silt fencing, straw bales, etc.).</li> <li>Develop and implement emergency spills plan outlining steps to contain any chemicals or to avoid contamination of adjacent Significant Wetland feature.</li> <li>Contractor to conduct routine inspections of construction equipment for leaks / spills.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:         <ul> <li>Immediately stop all work until the spill is cleaned up.</li> <li>Notify MOE's Spills Action Centre of any leaks or spills.</li> <li>If a spill enters Significant Wetland, collect and analyze water samples for appropriate parameters.</li> <li>Monitor daily until cleanup is completed.</li> <li>Ensure all equipment, including clothing/boots, is thoroughly washed before entering the Significant Wetland to avoid introducing seeds or fragments of invasive species into the Signific</li></ul></li></ul>
04	Addition of transportation line	Lafac et al. et	Significant Wetland.	CONCERNICATION
G1	Addition of transmission line construction disturbance area on	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to	CONSTRUCTION     None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	CONSTRUCTION N/A
		optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
G2	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	construction disturbance area on	disturbance area added or changed to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	private property, west of London Road	optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
G3	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A CONSTRUCTION
33	construction disturbance area in the	disturbance area added or changed to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	Crediton Road right-of-way	optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
				N/A
G4	Removal of a portion of transmission	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	line construction disturbance area on		None – removal of infrastructure	N/A OPERATIONS
	Private property, south of Crediton Road and east of McTaggart Line	optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS N/A
H1	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	construction disturbance area on	disturbance area added or changed to	Natural Heritage:	Natural Heritage:
	private property, east of Hern Line	optimize project design/ constructability		For construction of the transmission line within 27 m of Significant Woodland Feature WOD-145:
			construction of the transmission line include:	- Maintain 5 m setback from significant woodland, measured from the dripline of trees.
			<ul> <li>Accidental intrusion into significant woodland resulting in damage to trees.</li> <li>Changes in surface water drainage patterns resulting in effects to soil moisture and species composition of</li> </ul>	- Where construction occurs within 30 m, install and maintain protective fencing to clearly define the construction area and prevent accidental damage to vegetation.
			- Changes in surface water drainage patterns resulting in effects to soil moisture and species composition of vegetation.	- Undertake weekly site inspections by an Environmental Monitor to ensure that protective fencing is intact
			Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, excavation, backfilling and	and that there is no damage caused during construction.
			stockpiling.	- Contingency Measures:
				Repair protective fencing if damaged.

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
				<ul> <li>Any damaged trees will be pruned through implementation of proper arboricultural techniques, under supervision of an Arborist or Forester.</li> <li>In the event that other woodland vegetation is damaged, habitat restoration will occur utilizing native species suited to the habitat within the disturbed area.</li> <li>Ensure Best Management Practices are used to maintain current drainage patterns, including: <ul> <li>Implement infiltration techniques to the maximum extent possible.</li> <li>Minimize paved surfaces &amp; design roads to promote infiltration.</li> <li>Limit changes in land contours.</li> <li>Site inspection by Environmental Monitor following grading activities within 30 m of significant woodland.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> <li>If surface water drainage alterations are detected, undertake corrective measures to restore drainage patterns.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Install sediment and erosion control fencing along edge of construction area if within 30 m of a woodland, as per Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSD 219.130).</li> <li>Monitor on-site conditions (i.e., erosion and sediment control, flooding, etc.) by an Environmental Monitor where construction occurs within 30 m of a feature on the following basis:</li> <li>Weekly during active construction periods;</li> <li>Prior to, during and post forecasted large rainfall events (&gt;20 millimetres in 24 hours) or significant snowmelt events (i.e., spring freshet);</li> <li>Daily during extended rain or snowmelt periods;</li> <li>Monthly during inactive construction periods, where the site is left alone for 30 days or longer.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> <li>Suspend work if excessive flows of sediment discharges occur until additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra erosion and sediment control materials kept on site, such as heavy duty silt fencing, straw bales, etc.).</li> </ul>
			OPERATIONS  Natural Heritage:  The transmission line is within 27 m of Significant Woodland Feature WOD-145. There are no potential	OPERATIONS N/A
			effects on this feature associated with operation of the transmission line.	
H2	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION None and particular horizonal cultural horizonal or water hody features within 120 m.	CONSTRUCTION N/A
	construction disturbance area on private property, west of Sunshine Line	disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
		pp	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
Н3	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	construction disturbance area on private property, east of Sunshine Line		None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	private property, east or Surishine Line	optimize project design/ constructability	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	OPERATIONS N/A
H4	Removal of a portion of transmission	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	line construction disturbance area on		None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	private property, east of Sunshine Line	optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS   N/A
H5	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m  CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	construction disturbance area on	disturbance area added or changed to	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	private property, south of Dump Road	optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
110	and west of Sunshine Line,	Information on a construction	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
H6	Addition of transmission line construction disturbance area on	Infrastructure or construction disturbance area added or changed to	CONSTRUCTION  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	CONSTRUCTION N/A
	private property, south of Dump Road	optimize project design/ constructability	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS
	and west of Sunshine Line		None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
H7	Addition of transmission line construction disturbance area on	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION  None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	CONSTRUCTION N/A
	private property, on the south side of	disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability		OPERATIONS
	Dump Road, east of Plugtown Line		None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
Н8	Addition of transmission line	Infrastructure or construction	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION
	construction disturbance area on private property, on the north side of	disturbance area added or changed to optimize project design/ constructability	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	N/A
	Dump Road, west of Union Line and addition and removal of portions of the transmission line point of interconnect	opamize project design/ constructability	None – no new natural heritage, cultural heritage, or water body features within 120 m	OPERATIONS N/A
	construction disturbance area			

Label on Figure 2-1	Proposed Modification	Rationale for Proposed Modification	New Potential Environmental Effects	New Mitigation Measures
Н9	Removal of a portion of transmission line construction disturbance area on	Construction disturbance area modified to reduce or eliminate impacts to	CONSTRUCTION  None – removal of infrastructure	CONSTRUCTION N/A
	private property, north of Crediton Road, and west of Hern Line	archaeological resources		OPERATIONS N/A
N/A		disturbance area added or changed to	N/A	CONSTRUCTION N/A
	the Jericho Wind Energy Centre substation.	optimize project design/ constructability	OPERATIONS N/A	OPERATIONS N/A



## 3. Edits to the Project Description Report

**Table 3-1** documents the edits to the Project Description Report resulting from the modifications described in **Section 2**. The table includes the text from the original REA submission and edits to the text (underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions).

### Table 3-1 Edits to the Project Description Report

Section / Page	Original Text	Revised Text (Underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions)
Section 2.1 / page 5	Up to 71 GE 1.6-100 Wind Turbine generator locations and pad mounted step-up transformers and one GE 1.56-100 Wind Turbine generator location and pad mounted step-up transformer (however, only 63 turbines will be constructed)	Up to 74 69 GE 1.6-100 Wind Turbine generator locations and pad mounted step-up transformers and one GE 1.56-100 Wind Turbine generator location and pad mounted step-up transformer (however, only 63 turbines will be constructed)
Section 2.1.1 / page 5	Although NextEra is seeking an REA for up to 72 wind turbines, only 63 are proposed to be constructed for the Project.	Although NextEra is seeking an REA for up to 72-70 wind turbines, only 63 are proposed to be constructed for the Project.
Section 2.2.3.4 / page 16	The collection lines and substation will require periodic preventative maintenance activities. Routine maintenance will include condition assessment for above-ground infrastructure and protective relay maintenance of the substation, in addition to monitoring of the secondary containment system for traces of oil. Finally, vegetation control will be required around the transmission line to prevent any damage to the line and ensure safe operation. Any vegetation that has the potential to grow to more than 4.3 m above grade will be cleared. The vegetation is typically cleared by mechanized equipment (e.g., chainsaw / hydro axe).	The collection lines and substation will require periodic preventative maintenance activities. Routine maintenance will include condition assessment for above-ground infrastructure and protective relay maintenance of the substation, in addition to monitoring of the secondary containment system for traces of oil. Finally, vegetation control will be required around the transmission line to prevent any damage to the line and ensure safe operation. Any vegetation that has the potential to grow to more than 4.3 m above grade will be cleared. The vegetation is typically cleared by mechanized equipment (e.g., chainsaw / hydro axe).  In the event of a transformer failure, a spare transformer (stored within the existing footprint of the Jericho Wind Energy Centre substation) will
		be installed at the same location as the transformer proposed for the Goshen WEC.
Table 3-3 / page 25	Potential Effect Accidental intrusion into turtle wintering areas causing habitat damage.	Potential Effect Accidental intrusion into turtle wintering areas causing habitat damage.
	Performance Objectives  • Avoid accidental intrusion into habitat.	Performance Objectives  Avoid accidental intrusion into habitat.
	<ul> <li>Mitigation Strategy</li> <li>Clearly delineate habitat boundaries within 10 m of the habitat boundary using protective fencing to ensure that construction activities occur outside the habitat boundaries.</li> </ul>	Mitigation Strategy  Clearly delineate habitat boundaries within 10 m of the habitat boundary using protective fencing to ensure that construction activities occur outside the habitat boundaries.
	<ul> <li>Residual Effects</li> <li>Disruption to turtle wintering habitats avoided through habitat delineation and fencing.</li> <li>Negligible residual effects.</li> </ul>	Residual Effects  - Disruption to turtle wintering habitats avoided through habitat delineation and fencing.  - Negligible residual effects.
	<ul> <li>Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures</li> <li>Undertake weekly site inspections by an Environmental Monitor to ensure that protective fencing is intact and that there is no damage caused during construction.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> <li>Repair protective fencing if damaged.</li> </ul>	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures  - Undertake weekly site inspections by an Environmental Monitor to ensure that protective fencing is intact and that there is no damage caused during construction.  - Contingency Measures:  - Repair protective fencing if damaged.
	Consultation with MNR to determine additional contingency measures if necessary.	■ Consultation with MNR to determine additional contingency measures if necessary.
Table 3-3 / page 27	Potential Effect Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, excavation, backfilling and stockpiling near Significant Wetlands and/or woodlands.	Potential Effect Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, excavation, backfilling and stockpiling near Significant Wetlands and/or woodlands.
	<ul> <li>Mitigation Strategy</li> <li>For construction of access roads at Turtle Over-Wintering Habitat Features: fence area as far from pond and as close to road as possible and install sediment and erosion control fencing at fenced area location.</li> <li>For construction of the transmission line at Azure Bluet Habitat Feature, Turtle Over-Wintering Habitat Feature and Amphibian Woodland Breeding Habitat Features:</li> <li>Fence area as far from pond and as close to transmission line disturbance area as possible.</li> <li>Install sediment and erosion control fencing at fenced area location.</li> </ul>	Mitigation Strategy  For construction of access roads at Turtle Over-Wintering Habitat Features: fence area as far from pond and as close to road as possible and install sediment and erosion control fencing at fenced area location.  For construction of the transmission line at Azure Bluet Habitat Feature, Turtle Over-Wintering Habitat Feature and Amphibian Woodland Breeding Habitat Features:  Fence area as far from pond and as close to transmission line disturbance area as possible.  Install sediment and erosion control fencing at fenced area location.
Table 3-3 / page 29	Potential Effect	Potential Effect
Table 3-37 page 23	Disruption of Tundra Swans in stopover and staging habitat due to construction/ decommissioning activities in waterfowl stopover and staging areas.	Disruption of Tundra Swans in stopover and staging habitat due to construction/ decommissioning activities in waterfowl stopover and staging areas.
	Performance Objectives  • Avoid disruption of Tundra Swan during migration.	Performance Objectives  - Avoid disruption of Tundra Swan during migration.
	<ul> <li>Mitigation Strategy</li> <li>Schedule construction activities within 300 m of the stopover and staging habitat to occur outside the important period of staging Tundra Swan (March 1 to April 15). If this is not possible, MNR will be consulted regarding mitigation measures that may be required.</li> <li>Clearly delineate work area using erosion fencing or similar barrier to avoid accidental damage to staging habitat.</li> <li>Restore temporary construction areas to pre-construction conditions as soon as possible (e.g., re-vegetate formerly naturally vegetated areas with native plants).</li> </ul>	Mitigation Strategy Schedule construction activities within 300 m of the stopover and staging habitat to occur outside the important period of staging Tundra Swan (March 1 to April 15). If this is not possible, MNR will be consulted regarding mitigation measures that may be required. Clearly delineate work area using erosion fencing or similar barrier to avoid accidental damage to staging habitat. Restore temporary construction areas to pre-construction conditions as soon as possible (e.g., re-vegetate formerly naturally vegetated areas with native plants).
	Residual Effects  • Disruption of Tundra Swans will be minimized through the application of mitigation measures.  • Negligible residual effects.	Residual Effects  - Disruption of Tundra Swans will be minimized through the application of mitigation measures.  - Negligible residual effects.
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures  No monitoring or contingency measures required as long as construction occurs outside migration period.	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures  No monitoring or contingency measures required as long as construction occurs outside migration period.

Section / Page	Original Text	Revised Text (Underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions)
Table 3-3 / page 29	Potential Effect	Potential Effect
rusio o or pago 20	Changes to surface water drainage patterns resulting in indirect effects on waterfowl stopover and staging areas.	Changes to surface water drainage patterns resulting in indirect effects on waterfowl stopover and staging areas.
	Performance Objectives	Performance Objectives
	Minimize changes in surface water drainage patterns.	Minimize changes in surface water drainage patterns.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	Ensure Best Management Practices are used to maintain current drainage patterns, including:	• Ensure Best Management Practices are used to maintain current drainage patterns, including:
	Implement infiltration techniques to the maximum extent possible.      Minimize payed autopas and design reads to promote infiltration.	Implement infiltration techniques to the maximum extent possible.     Minimize paved surfaces and design roads to promote infiltration.
	<ul> <li>Minimize paved surfaces and design roads to promote infiltration.</li> <li>Limit changes in land contours.</li> </ul>	Limit changes in land contours.
	Residual Effects	Residual Effects
	<ul> <li>Habitat damage avoided through maintaining surface water drainage patterns.</li> <li>Low likelihood and limited magnitude of effect as a result.</li> </ul>	Habitat damage avoided through maintaining surface water drainage patterns.      Low likelihood and limited magnitude of effect as a result.
	2 2011 Information and infinited magnitudes of officer as a rosum.	2 2011 Into Into Carlo C
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	<ul> <li>Site inspection by Environmental Monitor following grading activities within 30 m of stopover and staging area.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Site inspection by Environmental Monitor following grading activities within 30 m of stopover and staging area.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>If surface water drainage alterations are detected, undertake corrective measures to restore drainage pattern.</li> </ul>	If surface water drainage alterations are detected, undertake corrective measures to restore drainage pattern.
Table 3-3 / page 31	Potential Effect	Potential Effect
	Disruption or possible mortality of turtles moving between wintering ponds and other areas.	Disruption or possible mortality of turtles moving between wintering ponds and other areas.
	Performance Objectives	Performance Objectives
	Minimize disruption of turtle movement.	Minimize disruption of turtle movement.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	Fence area as far from pond and as close to proposed road as possible.	• Fence area as far from pond and as close to proposed road as possible.
	Post speed limits (30 km/hr) and turtle crossing signage along relevant construction access roads.  To avoid collisions with turtless as healths assess that it is a within 20 as to account within a dealth in the property of the prope	<ul> <li>Post speed limits (30 km/hr) and turtle crossing signage along relevant construction access roads.</li> <li>To avoid collisions with turtles, schedule construction activities within 30 m to occur during daylight hours and not during the period of</li> </ul>
	• To avoid collisions with turtles, schedule construction activities within 30 m to occur during daylight hours and not during the period of emergence (March 15 to May 31). If construction must occur during this timing window, conduct area searches for turtles daily prior to	To avoid collisions with turties, schedule construction activities within 30 m to occur during daylight hours and not during the period of emergence (March 15 to May 31). If construction must occur during this timing window, conduct area searches for turtles daily prior to
	construction activities.	construction activities.
	Residual Effects	Residual Effects
	Disruption and/or mortality minimized through construction timing and speed limits.  I would like a deaf a construction and limited the approximate and limited through construction timing and speed limits.	Disruption and/or mortality minimized through construction timing and speed limits.  Level's all the set of a secretic and the instance in the secretic
	Low likelihood of occurring and limited magnitude.	Low likelihood of occurring and limited magnitude.
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	• If construction occurs within 30 m of a turtle wintering area (if determined to be significant) between March 15 and May 31, conduct area	• If construction occurs within 30 m of a turtle wintering area (if determined to be significant) between March 15 and May 31, conduct area
	searches for turtles by a qualified Biologist prior to soil stripping or grubbing, as well as daily prior to construction activities by the Contractor within the construction footprint.	searches for turtles by a qualified Biologist prior to soil stripping or grubbing, as well as daily prior to construction activities by the Contract within the construction footprint.
	Contingency Measures:	Contingency Measures:
	• Turtles encountered within the construction area will be moved to a safe location (nearby pond) under the direction of the Environmental	*- Turtles encountered within the construction area will be moved to a safe location (nearby pond) under the direction of the Environmenta
Table 2.2 / mage 24	Monitor or a qualified Biologist.  Potential Effect	Monitor or a qualified Biologist.  Potential Effect
Table 3-3 / page 31	Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, backfilling and stockpilling resulting from access road construction	Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, backfilling and stockpilling resulting from access road constructions.
	near turtle wintering areas.	near turtle wintering areas.
	Performance Objectives	Performance Objectives
	Minimize erosion and sedimentation in wintering pond.	Minimize erosion and sedimentation in wintering pend.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	• Install sediment and erosion control fencing along edge of construction area if within 30 m of habitat feature as per Ontario Provincial	• Install sediment and erosion control fencing along edge of construction area if within 30 m of habitat feature as per Ontario Provincial
	Standards Specifications (OPSD 219.130).	Standards Specifications (OPSD 219.130).
	Residual Effects	Residual Effects
	Erosion and sedimentation mitigated through sediment and erosion control fencing.	Erosion and sedimentation mitigated through sediment and erosion control fencing.
	<ul> <li>Moderate likelihood; if erosion and sedimentation occur, negative effects may be measurable but would likely represent a small change relative to existing conditions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Moderate likelihood; if erosion and sedimentation occur, negative effects may be measurable but would likely represent a small change relative to existing conditions.</li> </ul>
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	• Monitor on-site conditions (i.e., erosion and sediment control, spills, flooding, etc.) by an Environmental Monitor where construction occurs	• Monitor on-site conditions (i.e., erosion and sediment control, spills, flooding, etc.) by an Environmental Monitor where construction occur
	within 30 m of a feature on the following basis:	within 30 m of a feature on the following basis:

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Section / Page	Original Text	Revised Text
		(Underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions)
	Weekly during active construction periods;	Weekly during active construction periods;
	• Prior to, during and post forecasted large rainfall events (>20 millimetres in 24 hours) or significant snowmelt events (i.e., spring freshet);	<ul> <li>Prior to, during and post forecasted large rainfall events (&gt;20 millimetres in 24 hours) or significant snowmelt events (i.e., spring freshet);</li> </ul>
	Daily during extended rain or snowmelt periods;	Daily during extended rain or snowmelt periods;
	Monthly during inactive construction periods, if the site is left alone for 30 days or longer.	Monthly during inactive construction periods, if the site is left alone for 30 days or longer.
	• Contingency Measures:	Contingency Measures:
	Suspend work if excessive flows of sediment discharges occur until additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra area of additional mitigation measures).	-Suspend work if excessive flows of sediment discharges occur until additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra erosion and sediment control materials kept on site, such as heavy duty silt fencing, straw bales, etc.).
Table 2.2 / mans 24	erosion and sediment control materials kept on site, such as heavy duty silt fencing, straw bales, etc.).	
Table 3-3 / page 31	Potential Effect Changes to surface water drainage patterns causing indirect effects on turtle wintering areas.	Potential Effect Changes to surface water drainage patterns causing indirect effects on turtle wintering areas.
	Changes to surface water drainage patterns causing indirect effects on turtle wintering areas.	Underliges to surface water drainage patterns causing mairest enects on turtle wintering areas.
	Performance Objectives	Performance Objectives
	Minimize indirect effects on wintering habitat through changes to surface water drainage patterns.	Minimize indirect effects on wintering habitat through changes to surface water drainage patterns.
	• William Ze Indirect cheets on wintering habitat through changes to surface water drainage patterns.	William 25 mail out of the wintering mabital unbody of an age to during the during of the during patterns.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	Ensure no grade changes within 30 m of pond.	• Ensure no grade changes within 30 m of pond.
	Residual Effects	Residual Effects
	Indirect effects to habitat minimized by maintaining grade.	Indirect effects to habitat minimized by maintaining grade.
	Low likelihood of occurring and limited magnitude.	• Low likelihood of occurring and limited magnitude.
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	Inspect locations following completion of access roads by an Environmental Monitor to ensure no grade changes.	<ul> <li>Inspect locations following completion of access roads by an Environmental Monitor to ensure no grade changes.</li> </ul>
	Monitor condition of the pond during on-site monitoring events at frequency described for sediment and erosion control.	Monitor condition of the pend during on-site monitoring events at frequency described for sediment and erosion control.
	Contingency Measures:	Contingency Measures:
	<ul> <li>If surface water drainage alterations are detected, undertake corrective measures to restore drainage pattern.</li> </ul>	*-If surface water drainage alterations are detected, undertake corrective measures to restore drainage pattern.
Table 3-3 / page 36		Potential Effect
		Accidental intrusion into Significant Wetland WET-012 resulting in damage to vegetation and disturbance to wildlife.
		Performance Objective
		Avoid accidental damage to Significant Wetland.
		Middle State Charles
		Mitigation Strategy  • For construction activities outside Significant Wetland WET-012:
		<ul> <li>For construction activities outside Significant Wetland WE1-012.</li> <li>Install transmission line poles outside the boundaries of the Significant Wetland. Apply a minimum setback of 5 m during installation of</li> </ul>
		transmission line poles.
		<ul> <li>Where construction occurs within 30 m, install and maintain protective fencing to clearly define the construction area and prevent</li> </ul>
		accidental damage to vegetation.
		For construction activities inside Significant Wetland WET-012:
		• Pull the transmission line across the Significant Wetland either by helicopter or by hand with the use of a winch. If required, branches may
		be selectively removed under the supervision of an arborist or forester by hand-held equipment (e.g., chainsaws) and accessed by foot to
		prevent soil compaction. Cut branches will be left in place in the wetland but will be cut up to lie low on the ground. No heavy equipment
		will be used within the Significant Wetland. Construction activities within the Significant Wetland should take place in the winter (November
		1 to March 15), if possible, or outside the breeding bird season (May 1 to July 31). If this is not possible, MNR will be consulted regarding
		additional mitigation measures that may be required.
		Residual Effects
		Accidental damage will be avoided through clear delineation of boundaries and protective fencing.
		Negligible residual effects.
		Manitaring Dlan and Continganov Massaures
		Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
		Undertake weekly site inspections by an Environmental Monitor to ensure that protective fencing is intact and that there is no damage caused during construction.
		<ul> <li>Conduct a post-construction survey to confirm that the disturbance to Significant Wetland Feature WET-012 is minimal.</li> </ul>
		Confidency Measures:      Contingency Measures:
		Repair protective fencing if damaged.
		<ul> <li>Prune any damaged trees through implementation of proper arboricultural techniques, under supervision of an Arborist or Forester.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>If excessively disturbed areas are detected through the post-construction survey, restoration planting may be implemented as a</li> </ul>
		contingency measure. These plantings should consist of suitable native wetland species such as nannyberry, silky dogwood, buttonbush,
		spicebush, or slender willow.

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Section / Page	Original Text	Revised Text (Underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions)
Table 3-3 / page 36		Potential Effect
Tame of Page of		Increased erosion and sedimentation resulting from clearing and grubbing, excavation, backfilling and stockpiling during construction of the
		transmission line in Significant Wetland WET-012.
		Performance Objective
		Minimize erosion and sedimentation from clearing, grubbing, excavation, backfilling and stockpiling.
		Mid-mation Canada my
		<ul> <li>Mitigation Strategy</li> <li>For construction activities outside the Significant Wetland:</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Install transmission line poles outside the boundaries of the Significant Wetland. Apply a minimum setback of 5 m during installation of</li> </ul>
		transmission line poles.  Install sediment and erosion control fencing along edge of construction area as per Ontario Provincial Standard Specifications (OPSD)
		219.130).
		For construction activities inside the Significant Wetland:
		Pull the transmission line across the Significant Wetland by hand or by helicopter. No heavy equipment will be used within the Significant Wetland.
		Residual Effects
		<ul> <li>Sedimentation avoided or minimized through application of mitigation measures.</li> <li>Minimal residual effects.</li> </ul>
		Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
		<ul> <li>Monitor on-site conditions (i.e., erosion and sediment control, flooding, etc.) by an Environmental Monitor where construction occurs within 30 m of the Significant Wetland on the following basis:</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Daily during active construction periods;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Prior to, during and post forecasted large rainfall events (&gt;20 millimetres in 24 hours) or significant snowmelt events (i.e., spring freshet</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Daily during extended rain or snowmelt periods;</li> <li>Monthly during inactive construction periods, where the site is left alone for 30 days or longer.</li> </ul>
		Contingency Measures:
		<ul> <li>Suspend work if excessive flows of sediment discharges occur until additional mitigation measures are in place (e.g., install the extra erosion and sediment control materials kept on site, such as heavy duty silt fencing, straw bales, etc.).</li> </ul>
Table 3-3 / page 36		Potential Effect  Risk of soil or water contamination in Significant Wetland WET-012 resulting from accidental spills of fuel, etc.
		Nisk of soil of water contamination in Significant Wetland WE1-012 resulting from accidental spins of iden, etc.
		Performance Objective Minimize and projection
		Minimize soil or water contamination.
		Mitigation Strategy
		<ul> <li>Develop and implement emergency spills plan outlining steps to contain any chemicals or to avoid contamination of adjacent Significant Wetland feature.</li> </ul>
		Residual Effects
		Soil and water contamination avoided or minimized through application of mitigation measures.  Level it collected and limited magnitude of effect on a result.
		Low likelihood and limited magnitude of effect as a result.
		Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
		<ul> <li>Contractor to conduct routine inspections of construction equipment for leaks / spills.</li> <li>Develop an emergency spills plan.</li> </ul>
		Contingency Measures:
		■ Immediately stop all work until the spill is cleaned up.
		<ul> <li>Notify MOE's Spills Action Centre of any leaks or spills.</li> <li>If a spill enters Significant Wetland, collect and analyze water samples for appropriate parameters.</li> </ul>
		■ Monitor daily until cleanup is completed.
Table 3-3 / page 36		Potential Effect Risk of spread of invasive species into Significant Wetland WET-012 as a result of construction disturbance.
		Performance Objective
		Avoid spread of invasive species into Significant Wetland.
		Mitigation Strategy
		• Ensure all equipment, including clothing/boots, is thoroughly washed before entering the Significant Wetland to avoid introducing seeds or
		fragments of invasive species into the Significant Wetland.

Section / Page	Original Text	Revised Text
	511 <b>3</b> 11111	(Underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions)
		Residual Effects
		<ul> <li>Spread of invasive species avoided or minimized through the application of mitigation measures.</li> <li>Low likelihood and limited magnitude of effect as a result.</li> </ul>
		• Low likelinood and limited magnitude of effect as a result.
		Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
		• Daily monitoring of areas where construction activities are occurring within the Significant Wetland by Environmental Monitor.
		Conduct post-construction survey, as described above.
Table 3-4 / page 38	Potential Effect Avoidance by Tundra Swans of stopover and staging habitats during migration due to proximity of turbines.	Potential Effect  Avoidance by Tundra Swans of stopover and staging habitats during migration due to proximity of turbines.
	Avoidance by Fundia Swans of Stopover and Stagning Habitats during migration due to proximity of turbines.	Trividualide by Fullula Granto of Stopover and Stagning Habitate during migration and to proximity of tarbines.
	Performance Objective	Performance Objective
	Minimize disturbance or disruption to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitats.	Minimize disturbance or disruption to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitats.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	Implement contingency mitigation measures if disturbance effects are detected through post-construction monitoring (contingency measures).	Implement contingency mitigation measures if disturbance effects are detected through post-construction monitoring (contingency measures
	Residual Effects	Residual Effects
	Significance of residual effects will be determined based on the results of post-construction monitoring.	Significance of residual effects will be determined based on the results of post-construction monitoring.
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	• Conduct 3 years of post-construction Tundra Swan monitoring at Features WSST-15 and WSST-36 (if determined to be significant) by a	Conduct 3 years of post-construction Tundra Swan monitoring at Features WSST-15 and WSST-36 (if determined to be significant) by a
	qualified Biologist, including:	qualified Biologist, including:
	• Conduct surveys on three occasions approximately one week apart during the peak migratory period, which typically occurs in March but	*-Conduct surveys on three occasions approximately one week apart during the peak migratory period, which typically occurs in March but
	can range from mid-February to mid-April.  One survey station will be placed per 0.5 km of candidate Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitat and be monitored for approximately	can range from mid-February to mid-April.  - One survey station will be placed per 0.5 km of candidate Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitat and be monitored for approximately
	15 min.	45 min.
	All observed waterfowl will be recorded along with their approximate location, age and behaviour.	*- All observed waterfowl will be recorded along with their approximate location, age and behaviour.
	• The findings of the Tundra Swan monitoring programs will be reported back to MNR on an annual basis for the first 3 years of operation.	• The findings of the Tundra Swan monitoring programs will be reported back to MNR on an annual basis for the first 3 years of operation.
	Contingency Measures:	Contingency Measures:
	<ul> <li>If significant declines or disappearance of species is detected, determine whether this is likely to have been caused by the Project. If so, implement corrective measures that are developed through consultation with MNR.</li> </ul>	If significant declines or disappearance of species is detected, determine whether this is likely to have been caused by the Project. If so, implement corrective measures that are developed through consultation with MNR.
Table 3-4 / page 39	Potential Effect	Potential Effect
i alice o 17 page oc	Disturbance to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitats due to vehicular traffic on access roads.	Disturbance to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitats due to vehicular traffic on access roads.
	Performance Objective Minimize disturbance or disruption to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitat.	Performance Objective  Minimize disturbance or disruption to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitat.
	Minimize disturbance of disruption to Tundra Swan stopover and staging habitat.	withinize disturbance of distuption to Fundra Swarr stopover and staging habitat.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	• Schedule regular (non-critical) maintenance activities to occur outside of the important period of staging Tundra Swan (March 1 to April 15),	Schedule regular (non-critical) maintenance activities to occur outside of the important period of staging Tundra Swan (March 1 to April 15)
	to the extent possible.	to the extent possible.
	Maintain wildlife crossing signs and limit speed of vehicles (30 km/hr) near stopover and staging areas.	Maintain wildlife crossing signs and limit speed of vehicles (30 km/hr) near stopover and staging areas.
	Residual Effects	Residual Effects
	Disturbance effects reduced through mitigation measures.	Disturbance effects reduced through mitigation measures.
	Operational effects minor (i.e., no or limited disturbance expected).	Operational effects minor (i.e., no or limited disturbance expected).
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	No monitoring or contingency measures required.	No monitoring or contingency measures required.
Table 3-4 / page 41	Potential Effect	Potential Effect
	Risk of road mortality to turtles moving between wintering ponds and other areas.	Risk of road mortality to turtles moving between wintering ponds and other areas.
	Desfarrance Objective	Parformance Obligation
	Performance Objective Minimize turtle mortality along access roads.	Performance Objective Minimize turtle mortality along access roads.
	William 20 turde mortality along access roads.	Williamize tartie mertainy dieng decess reads.
	Mitigation Strategy	Mitigation Strategy
	Maintain wildlife crossing signs and limit speed of vehicles (30 km/hr) near turtle wintering areas.	Maintain wildlife crossing signs and limit speed of vehicles (30 km/hr) near turtle wintering areas.
	Decidual Effects	Decidual Effects
	Residual Effects  Risk of turtle road mortality reduced through mitigation measures.	Residual Effects  Residual Effects Risk of turtle road mortality reduced through mitigation measures.
	<ul> <li>Risk of turtle road mortality reduced through mitigation measures.</li> <li>Low likelihood of occurring and limited magnitude due to limited volume of maintenance vehicles.</li> </ul>	Low likelihood of occurring and limited magnitude due to limited volume of maintenance vehicles.
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
	No monitoring or contingency measures required.	No monitoring or contingency measures required.

15ra\_2013-11-22\_GSH Revision\_Project Description Report\_60301207.Docx

Section / Page	Original Text	Revised Text (Underlined text represents additions and strikethrough text represents deletions)
Table 3-4 / page 42	Potential Effect Risk of road mortality to amphibians moving between breeding pools and home range.	Potential Effect Risk of road mortality to amphibians moving between breeding pools and home range.
	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures Conduct 3 years post-construction amphibian call surveys (frogs and toads) and egg mass or adult surveys (salamanders) to assess any potential changes in amphibian breeding populations or species distribution (if Features deemed to be significant) at features AWO-02, AWO-25, AWO-27 and AWO-30 by a qualified Biologist	Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures  Conduct 3 years post-construction amphibian call surveys (frogs and toads) and egg mass or adult surveys (salamanders) to assess any potential changes in amphibian breeding populations or species distribution (if Features deemed to be significant) at features AWO-02, AWO-25, AWO-27, and AWO-30 and AWO-36 by a qualified Biologist
Table 3-4 / page 46		Potential Effects Risk of soil or water contamination from oil, gas, etc. during maintenance of the transmission line in Significant Wetland WET-012.  Performance Objective  No off-site contamination of soil and no contamination of groundwater or surface water.
		<ul> <li>Mitigation Strategy</li> <li>Develop and implement an emergency spills plan outlining steps to contain any spills during maintenance activities to avoid contamination Significant Wetland.</li> </ul>
		Residual Effects  Residual effects considered negligible.  Monitoring Plan and Contingency Measures
		<ul> <li>No monitoring required.</li> <li>Contingency Measures:         <ul> <li>Report the details of the spill to MOE, including a description of any assessment and remediation undertaken.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Table 3-14 / page 63	Damage to crops or trees due to turbine malfunction or failure associated with 16 turbines located within 80 m of neighbouring property lines.	Damage to crops or trees due to turbine malfunction or failure associated with 16-15 turbines located within 80 m of neighbouring property lines.

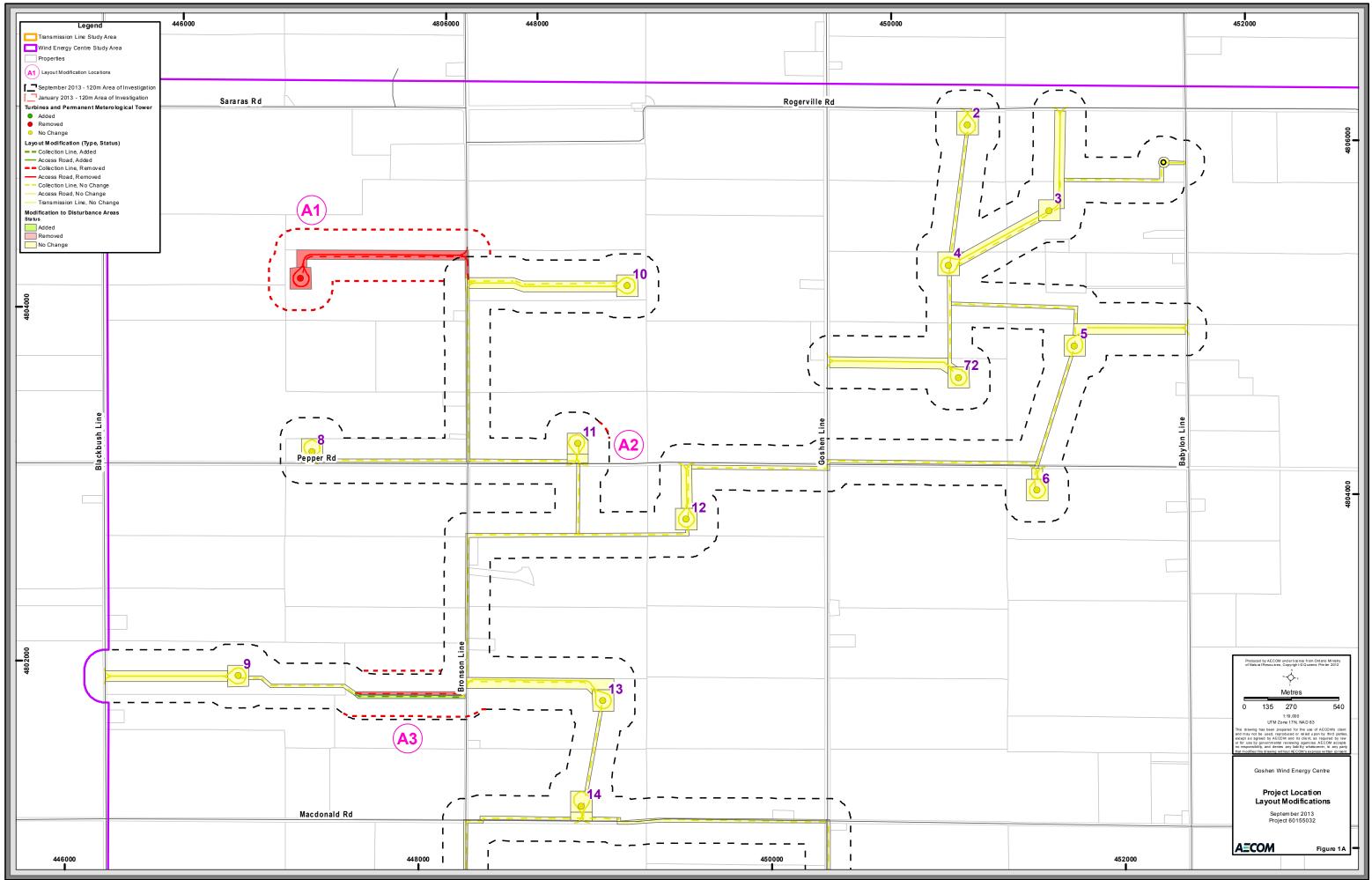
## 4. Summary and Conclusions

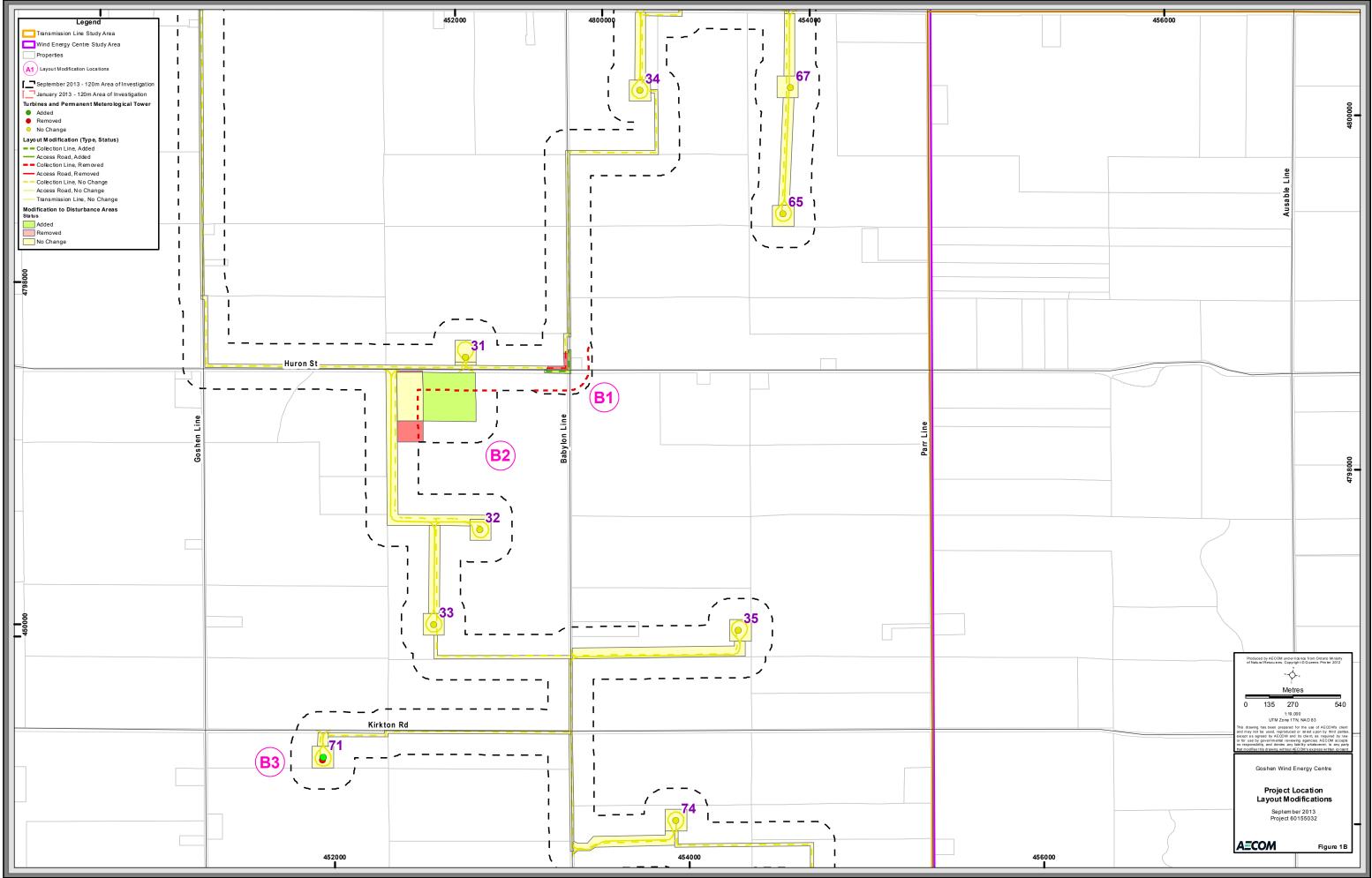
The Project modifications described in this REA Revision Report do not change the overall conclusion of the Project Description Report which states that "this project can be constructed, installed and operated without any significant adverse residual effects to the environment. Post-construction monitoring related to effects on wildlife, including birds and bats, will be undertaken to confirm this conclusion".

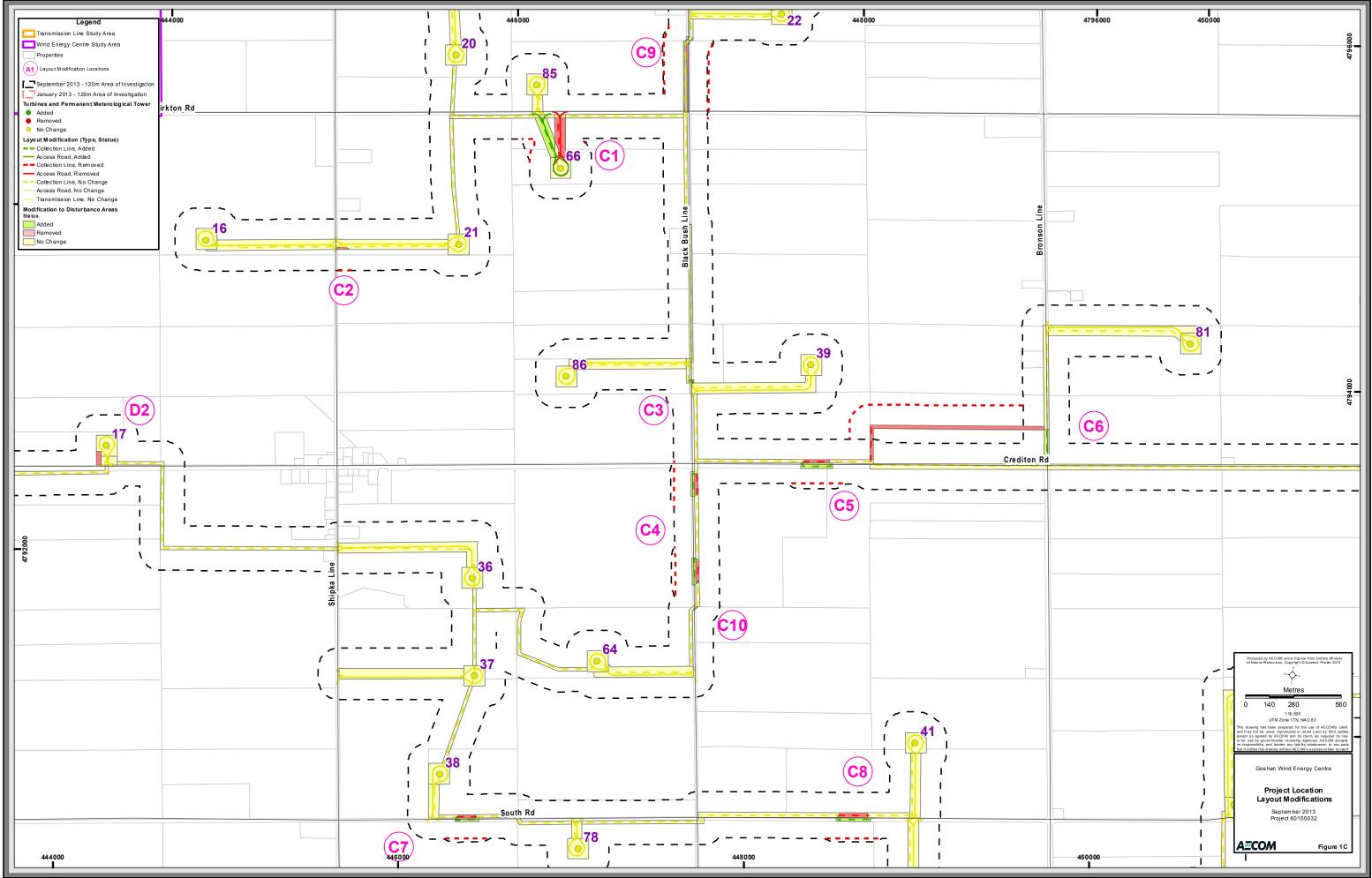


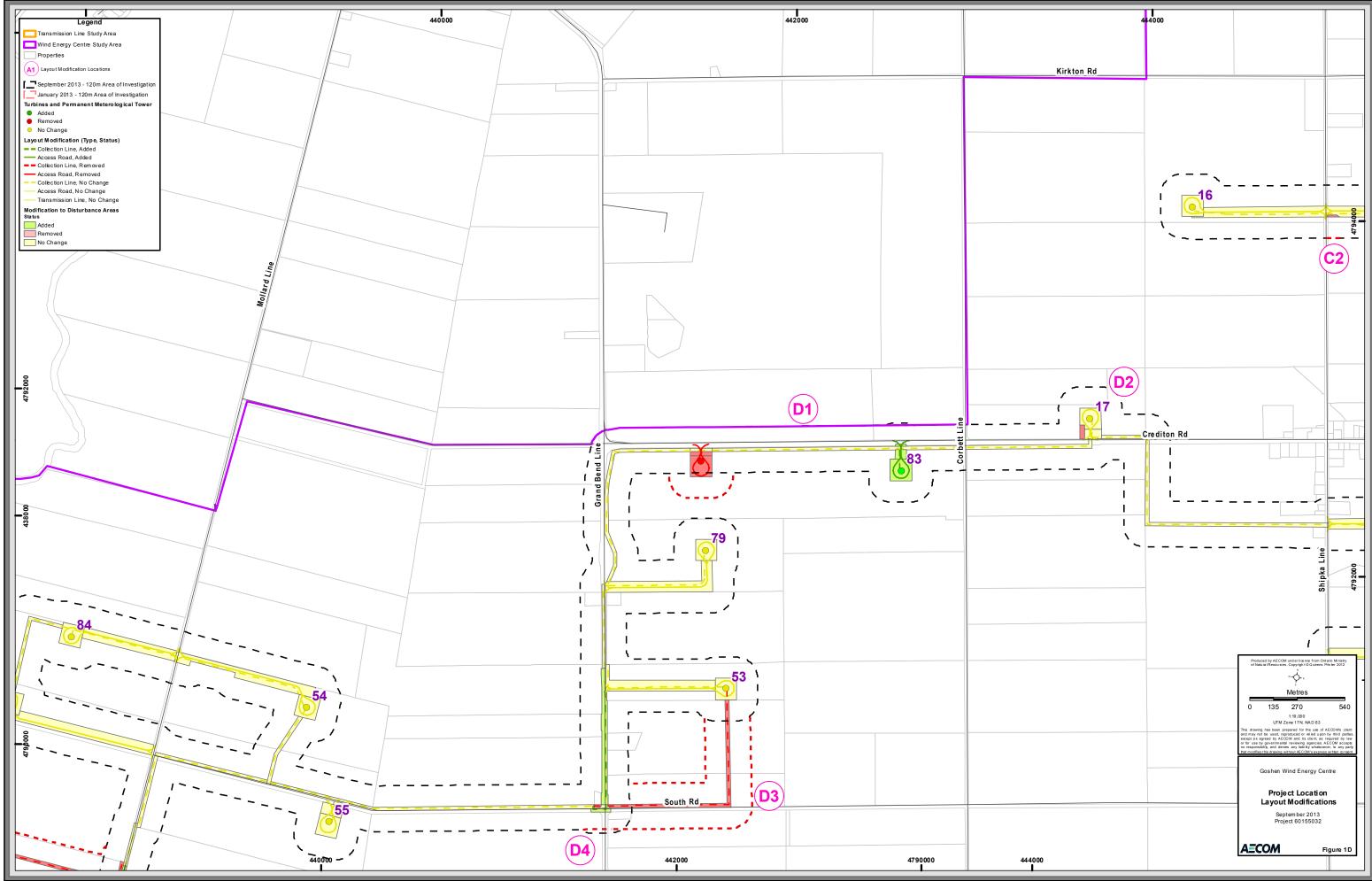
## **Appendix A**

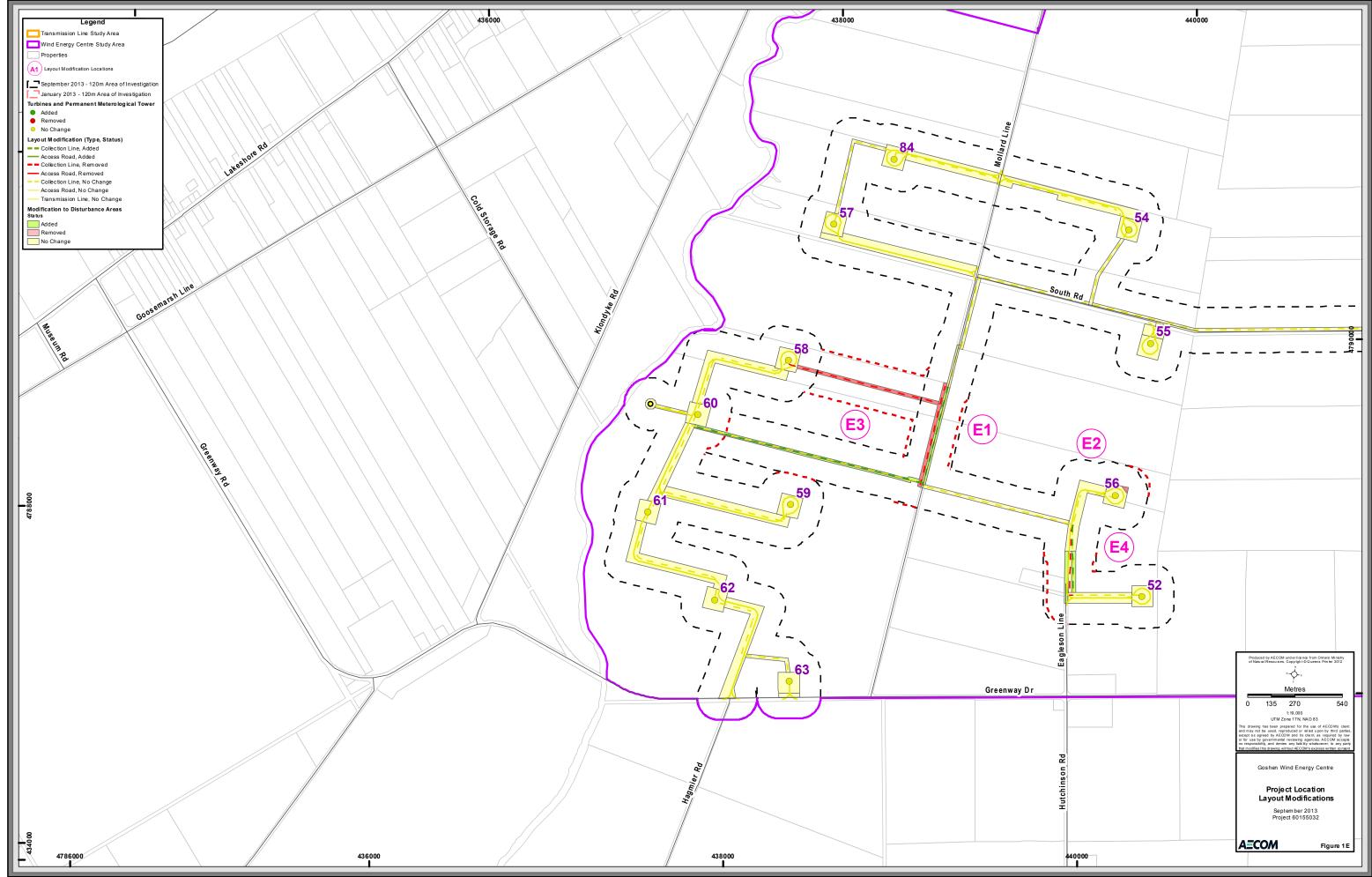
**Project Modifications** 

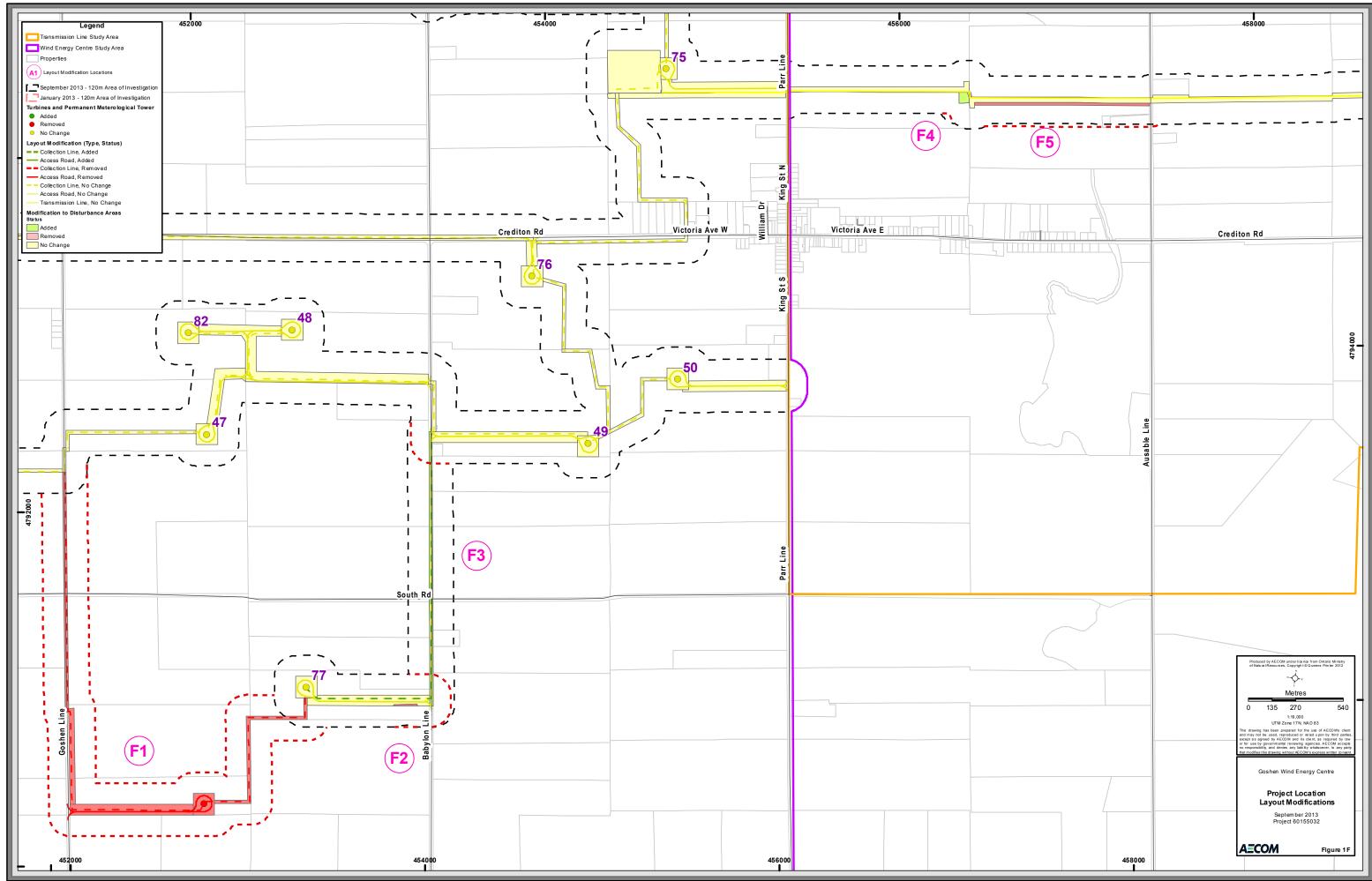


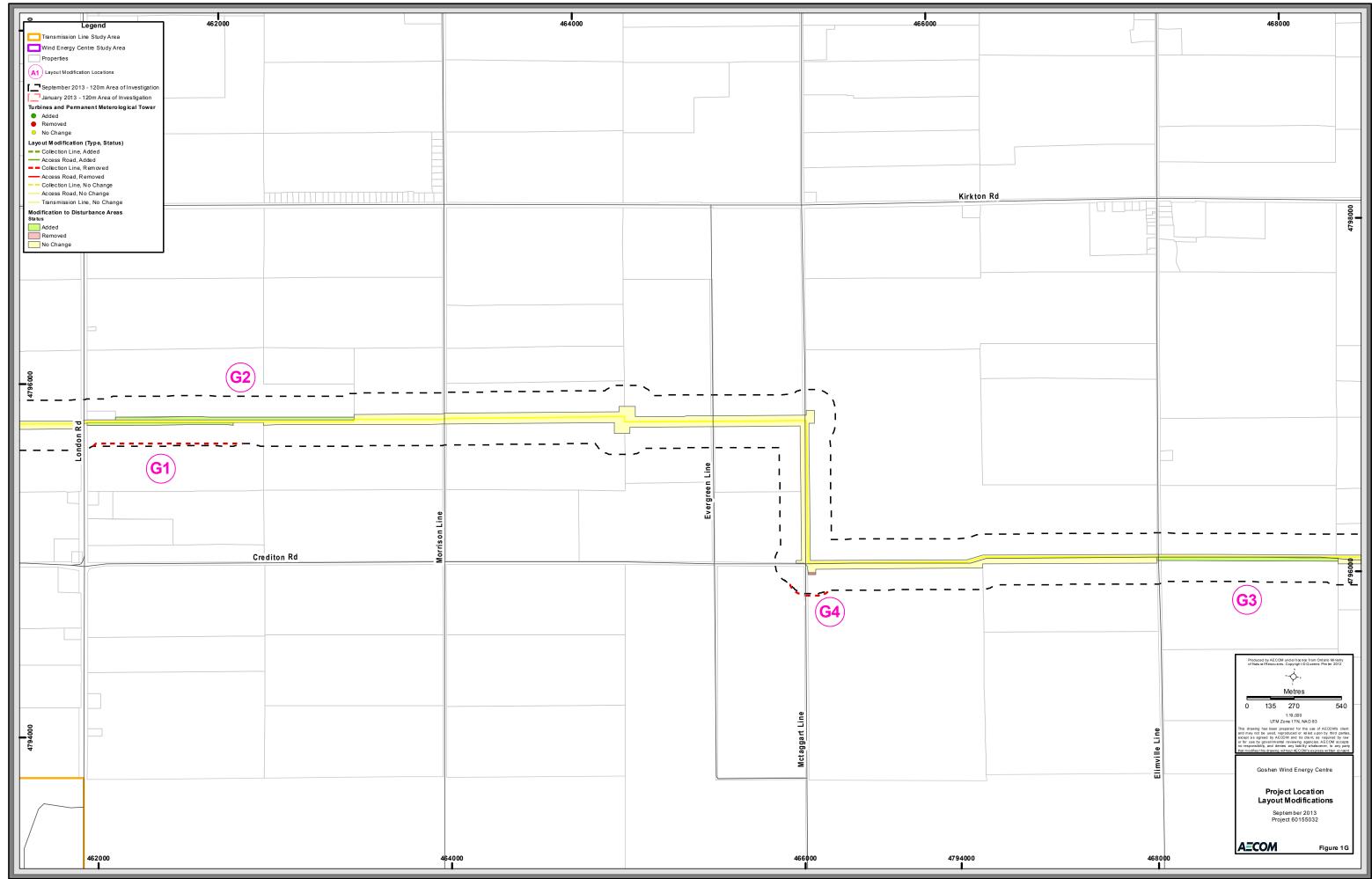


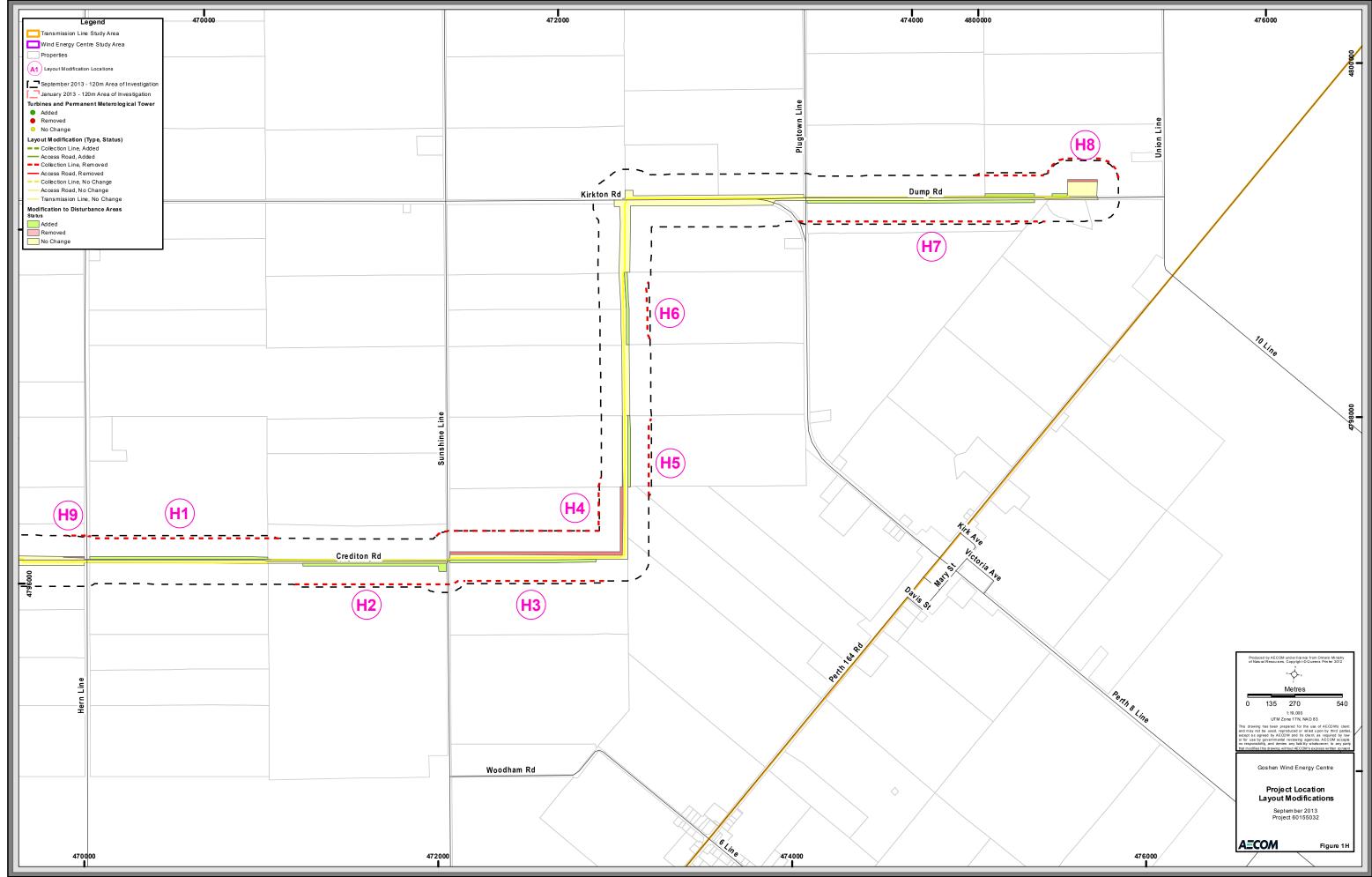














## **Appendix B**

**Water Body Mitigation Measures** 

AECOM Appendix B. Mitigation Measures

## **Mitigation Measures**

Mitigation techniques are proposed to offset possible effects of the construction, decommissioning and operation activities of the Goshen Wind Energy Centre. Mitigation measures recommended to minimize risk associated with potential impacts to the water bodies include the implementation of standard Best Management Practices (BMPs), as described below.

BMPs are work practices that outline acceptable practices to follow when carrying out certain activities. DFO has developed a series of operational statements (BMPs) as guidelines to avoid conditions that may harmfully alter aquatic habitat. The following are applicable to this Project:

### **Work Area**

- Stabilize banks where necessary, minimizing the area and duration of soil exposure.
- Operate machinery on land and in a manner that minimizes disturbance to stream banks.
- Erect sediment fencing around water bodies and areas to be avoided (i.e., near unstable banks, vegetation communities).
- Locate staging areas away from watercourses to limit risk of impacts to aquatic habitat.

### **Equipment Use**

- Ensure machinery arrives on site in a clean, washed condition and is maintained free of fluid leaks.
- Minimize vehicle traffic on exposed soils, avoid compacting or other hardening of natural ground surface, and avoid the movement of heavy machinery on areas with sensitive slopes.
- Locate site maintenance, vehicle washing and refuelling stations where contaminants are handled at least 30 m away from water bodies.
- Implement vehicle and equipment cleaning procedures and practices to minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants from vehicle/ equipment cleaning operations to watercourses.
- Limit speed of vehicles near watercourse crossings.

#### **Erosion and Sediment Control**

- Develop and implement an erosion and sediment control plan before commencement of construction.
- Utilize erosion blankets, erosion control fencing, straw bales, etc., where necessary to mitigate potential excessive erosion and sedimentation. Ensure any materials placed in floodline are free from silt and other such particles. Keep extra erosion and sediment control materials on site (e.g., heavy duty silt fencing, strawbales).
- Keep sediment and erosion control measures in place until disturbed areas have been stabilized (i.e., re-vegetated).
- Schedule grading to avoid times of high runoff volumes where possible. Temporarily suspend work during storm events to avoid excessive flows of sediment discharges.
- Direct discharged water to an appropriately sized energy dissipating outlet device to prevent erosion at the point of discharge.

### **Maintenance**

- Maintain and repair permanent and temporary erosion and sediment control measures as needed to ensure continued performance of their intended function for the duration of the works.
- Remove temporary erosion and sediment control measures after the final site stabilization is achieved.
- Permanently stabilize disturbed soil resulting from removal of BMPs or vegetation.

AECOM Appendix B. Mitigation Measures

### **Material Stockpiling and Handling**

 Store any stockpiled materials away from water bodies to prevent deleterious substances from inadvertently discharging to the environment.

• Dispose of any waste material from construction activities by authorized and approved off-site vendors.

### **Grading and Excavation**

Minimize changes in land contours and natural drainage to maintain timing and quantity of flows.

### **Construction Timing Windows**

- Time construction within 30 m of watercourses to avoid periods of habitat use to the extent possible. These
  timing windows are applied to protect fish from any works in and around water during spawning, migration and
  other critical life history stages. Construction timing windows are based on site specific criteria such as type of
  fish species present, thermal regime and fish spawning times (spring or fall). The generic restricted in-water
  work timing windows established by DFO are:
  - Fall Spawning Period October 1<sup>st</sup> to May 31<sup>st</sup>
  - Spring Spawning Period May 1<sup>st</sup> to July 15<sup>th</sup>
- Specific fisheries timing windows will be developed in co-operation with ABCA and UTRCA.

### **Isolated Crossing**

- In-water works for permanent water bodies must occur in the dry via dry conditions and dam and pump method
  to maintain fish passage during in-water works. For intermittent water bodies, work is preferred to be completed
  in the dry and carried out during seasonally dry times or when the water body is frozen to the bottom.
- Develop and implement a fish rescue plan for dewatering areas. This will include appropriate sized end-of-pipe
  fish screen to prevent potential losses of fish due to entrainment or impingement as outlined in the DFO –
  Freshwater Intake End-of-Pipe Fish Screen Guideline.

### **Stream Flow**

- Design and install culverts to prevent creation of barriers to fish movement and maintain bankfull channel functions.
- Design culverts to accommodate high flows of the watercourse.
- Embed the culvert below the streambed to maintain lateral flow.
- Install adequate gravel base to maintain flow of shallow groundwater.
- Locate crossings within straight sections of the stream, perpendicular to the bank. Avoid crossings on meander bends, braided streams and any other unstable areas.
- Use only clean material (i.e., rock or coarse gravel) for approaches to culverts.
- Regularly maintain culverts to ensure no debris build-up is impeding stream flow.

### **Water Quality**

- Develop a spill response plan and train staff on associated procedures.
- Maintain emergency spill kits on site.
- Pass groundwater from dewatering activities (if required) through a sediment filtration system prior to being discharged to a watercourse.
- Control soil / water contamination through best management practices.
- Install a temporary storage basin to allow water to infiltrate, or use permanent stormwater management facilities as necessary for dewatering discharge.

AECOM Appendix B. Mitigation Measures

### **Water Management**

Control rate and timing of water pumping; pump from deep wells to infiltration galleries adjacent to water bodies
or wetlands.

- Control rate and timing of water pumping from surface water features.
- Control quantity and quality of surface water runoff using best management practices, and implement infiltration techniques to the extent possible.
- Restrict taking groundwater and surface water during drought conditions.
- Regulate the discharge of water-taking to ensure that there is no flooding in the downstream area and no soil
  erosion, or stream channel scouring is caused at the point of discharge. The water taker will use a discharge
  diffuser or other energy dissipation device, if necessary, to mitigate flows which physically alter the stream
  channel or banks.
- Install siltation control measures that are sufficient for the volumes pumped at both the taking location upstream
  of the construction site and (if necessary) the discharge site. All measures will be taken to properly maintain
  these control devices throughout the construction period.

### **Directional Drilling**

- Conduct all drilling by licensed drillers in accordance with Regulation 903 under Ontario Water Resources Act, R.S.O. 1990.
- Locate drill entry and exit pits at least 30 m from water bodies.
- Collect drill cuttings as they are generated, and place in a soil bin or bag for off-site disposal.
- Ensure drill depth is at an appropriate depth below the water body to reduce the risk of a 'frac-out'.
- Monitor water bodies for signs of surface disturbance.
- Develop a 'frac-out' contingency plan prior to the start of construction outlining protocols to monitor, contain and clean up a 'frac-out'.

### Rehabilitation

- Re-vegetate and restore the turbine staging area following turbine installation with tiling (if desired by the owner).
- Restore and maintain vegetative buffers around water bodies including within the foundation footprint where possible.
- Restore & maintain vegetative buffers around water bodies including within the temporary construction areas.
- Keep vegetation removal to a minimum.
- Add suitable stream substrates (e.g., gravel or rip rap) to stabilize sediment and provide cover.