



Cedar Point II Wind Energy Centre 2017 Bird & Bat Mortality Monitoring

Natural Resource Solutions Inc. (NRSI) conducted post-construction monitoring at the operational Cedar Point II Wind Energy Centre (Cedar Point II WEC or the Project) located within the Town of Plympton-Wyoming, Township of Warwick, and the Municipality of Lambton Shores, in Lambton County, Ontario. The Project has a generating capacity of 100MW and consists of 46 turbines. The purpose of this fact sheet is to provide a summary of the methods, analysis, and results of the second year of post-construction mortality monitoring that was conducted at the Cedar Point II WEC in 2017.

Methods

NRSI biologists conducted bird and bat mortality monitoring at the Cedar Point II WEC following Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF) guidelines (*Bats and Bat Habitats: Guidelines for Wind Power Projects*, July 2011; and *Birds and Bird Habitats: Guidelines for Wind Power Projects*, December 2011) and the Project's Environmental Effects Monitoring Plan (EEMP) (Stantec 2013). The implemented monitoring program was approved by the MNRF. Per the MNRF guidelines and EEMP, the following methods were implemented for the monitoring study:

- A subset of 14 turbines were searched twice weekly from May through October, and once weekly in November;
- The remaining 32 turbines were searched monthly from May to November;
- Searches were conducted in circular plots with a 50m radius, centered at each turbine tower;
- Search plots were maintained to be free of crops, weeds, and debris for high visibility of potential mortalities;
- Searcher efficiency trials were conducted in each study season to assess the effectiveness of each searcher;
- Scavenger removal trials were conducted in each study season to assess the level of scavenging activity at the turbines.

Results

Birds

During 2017 post-construction mortality monitoring at the Cedar Point II WEC, 52 bird mortalities were documented within the search radius of the subset of 14 turbines.

Following the MNRF Guidelines, NRSI biologists inputted the searcher efficiency, scavenger removal, and proportion of area searched variables into the MNRF's estimated mortality equation to determine an estimated rate of bird mortality at the Cedar Point II WEC of 5.53 birds/turbine/year. This is below the MNRF threshold of 14 birds/turbine/year. By comparison, the average bird mortality rate in Ontario is estimated

at 5.70 ± 0.01 birds/turbine/year (*Bird Studies Canada Wind Energy Bird and Bat Monitoring Database, Summary Findings, July 2017*).

Raptors

During 2017 post-construction mortality monitoring at the Cedar Point II WEC, two (2) raptor mortalities were documented within the search radius of the subset of 14 turbines. Based on the information collected by NRSI during the monitoring period, the mortality rate was estimated to be 0.16 raptors/turbine/year (0.00 provincially tracked raptors/turbine/year). This is below the MNRF threshold of 0.2 raptors/turbine/year (or 0.1 provincially tracked raptors/turbine/year). By comparison, the average raptor mortality rate in Ontario is estimated at 0.24 ± 0.004 raptors/turbine/year (*Bird Studies Canada Wind Energy Bird and Bat Monitoring Database, Summary Findings, July 2017*).

Bats

During 2017 post-construction mortality monitoring at the Cedar Point II WEC, 52 bat mortalities were documented within the search radius of the subset of 14 turbines. Bat mortalities consisted of both resident and long-distance migratory species.

Following the MNRF Guidelines, NRSI biologists inputted the searcher efficiency, scavenger removal, and percent area searched variables into the MNRF's estimated mortality equation to determine an estimated rate of bat mortality at the Cedar Point II WEC of 5.56 bats/turbine/year. This is below the MNRF threshold of 10 bats/turbine/year. By comparison, the average bat mortality rate in Ontario is estimated at 17.15 ± 0.16 bats/turbine/year (*Bird Studies Canada Wind Energy Bird and Bat Monitoring Database, Summary Findings, July 2017*).

Summary

Based on the results of 2017 post-construction monitoring at the Cedar Point II WEC, none of the annual or single day mortality thresholds were met or exceeded. These thresholds, as defined by MNRF guidelines, and the associated results of 2017 monitoring at the Cedar Point II WEC are briefly outlined below:

MNRF Mortality Threshold	Type of Threshold	2017 Summary Cedar Point II WEC
14 birds/turbine/year	Annual Corrected Rate	5.53 birds/turbine/year
0.2 raptors/turbine/year	Annual Rate	0.16 raptors/turbine/year
0.1 provincially tracked raptors/turbine/year	Annual Rate	0.00 provincially tracked raptors/turbine/year
10 bats/turbine/year	Annual Corrected Rate	5.56 bats/turbine/year
10 or more birds at one turbine	Single Day Event	2 birds at one turbine (maximum single day)
33 or more birds at multiple turbines	Single Day Event	4 birds at multiple turbines (maximum single day)